

Safety Data Sheet

In accordance with US 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HazCom 2012)

Product name	Rosewood
Product code	FRAG-00052
Version	2.0
Revision date	10 JUN 2026
Identified uses	Perfume compound
Intended use	Fragrances

Section 1 — Product And Company Identification

Supplier

Scented Supplies
41W195 Railroad St
Unit D
Pingree Grove, IL 60140
United States of America
224-530-3021 · www.scentedsupplies.com

Emergency telephone

224-530-3021

Section 2 — Hazards Identification



Classification (OSHA HCS)

Hazard class	Category
Skin irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage	Category 1
Skin sensitisation	Category 1

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements

P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapours.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified: None

Please note: Mixtures have not been tested for health hazards. The health hazard information presented is provided in accordance with US 29 CFR 1910.1200 and is based on the testing of individual components which have been shown to cause or may cause these health effects when tested at higher concentrations or at full strength.

Ingredients with unknown acute toxicity: 0 %

Section 3 — Composition/information On Ingredients

Hazardous components

Component	CAS-No.	Concentration [%]
2-phenylethanol	60-12-8	7.00 - 13.00
2-hexyl-3-phenyl-2-propenal (trans & cis)	101-86-0	7.00 - 13.00
3,7-dimethyl-1,6-octadien-3-ol (= Linalool)	78-70-6	3.00 - 7.00
(2E)-3,7-dimethyl-2,6-octadien-1-ol (= geraniol)	106-24-1	3.00 - 7.00
3,7-dimethyl-6-octen-1-ol (= citronellol)	106-22-9	1.00 - 5.00
3,7-dimethyl-2,6-octadienyl acetate (= geranyl acetate) 3,7-dimethyl-6-octen-1-yl acetate (= Citronellyl 150-84-5 1.00 - 5.00 acetate)	105-87-3	1.00 - 5.00
(R)-1-methyl-4-(1-methylethenyl)-cyclohexene	5989-27-5	0.50 - 1.50
3,7-dimethyl-1,6-octadien-3-yl acetate (= linalyl acetate) 3,7-Dimethyl-2,6-octadien-1-yl acetate(cis & 141-12-8 0.50 - 1.50 trans isomers)	115-95-7	0.50 - 1.50
2,4-dimethylcyclohex-3-ene-1-carbaldehyde	68039-49-6	0.10 - 1.00

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

Section 4 — First Aid Measures

First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice	Move out of dangerous area. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Consult physician or Poison Control Center. The National Hotline for US Poison Control Centers is 1.800.222.1222; https://www.poison.org
If inhaled	If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact	Immediately seek medical attention if chemical entered ear canal. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. If on skin, rinse well with water. If on clothes, remove clothes.
In case of eye contact	Protect unharmed eye. Remove contact lenses. In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Continue rinsing eyes during transport to hospital. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist. Small amounts splashed into eyes can cause irreversible tissue damage and blindness.
If swallowed Most important symptoms	Immediately consult Poison Control Center or physician. Keep respiratory tract clear. Do NOT induce vomiting. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If symptoms persist, call a physician. and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

Section 5 — Firefighting Measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
Unsuitable extinguishing media Special hazards arising	High volume water jet from the substance or mixture
Specific hazards during firefighting	Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.
Further information	In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Section 6 — Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. For emergency conditions, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Material can create slippery conditions. Use personal protective equipment.

Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Use neutralizing agents. Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly while observing environmental regulations. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Section 7 — Handling And Storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	Do not breathe vapours/dust. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. To avoid spills during handling keep bottle on a metal tray. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.
Advice on protection against fire and explosion Conditions for safe storage,	Normal measures for preventive fire protection. including any incompatibilities
Requirements for storage areas and containers	Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.
Further information on storage conditions	Ambient / 10-30°C (50-85°F) Dry, well ventilated, preferably full, hermetically sealed
Advice on common storage	Protect against light.
Other data	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Section 8 — Exposure Controls/personal Protection

Exposure Guidelines

Components CAS-No. 2-phenylethanol (R)-1-methyl-4-(1-methylethenyl)- cyclohexene	Type: Value : Basis : Revision: 60-12-8 TWA 0.5 ppm ACGIH 2 024-01-01 Skin: Danger of cutaneous absorption 5989-27-5 TWA 30 ppm US WEEL 2 016-08-17
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Exposure controls

Exposure assessment: Exposures are dependent on the product being handled, the potential for chemical release, and any resulting airborne concentrations or dermal contact. Since product handling and release scenarios vary, and no two workplaces are exactly alike, it is recommended that the potential for exposure be assessed prior to the product's use or introduction. Exposure assessments should be performed by an occupational hygienist, industrial hygienist, or other qualified occupational or environmental health professional. An exposure assessment should be conducted to determine the efficacy of any ventilation and the need for additional PPE. The PPE indicated below are recommendations for worst-case scenario exposures. An exposure assessment will identify more applicable measures to be implemented. EN and ANSI standards are mentioned in the following recommendations, consult equivalent local standards when required. PPE is always the last resort to avoid exposure. In any case technical and organisational measures have to be explored and used prior to the selection of PPE. The PPE selection is for operators trained to work with chemicals according to good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Operators have to be trained on the use of PPE.

Engineering measures

Use engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use the product only with adequate ventilation.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection	Use safety goggles and faceshield tested according to EN 166/ ANSI Z87.1 or equivalent local standard.
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Hand protection	Use gloves when handling substance in open systems. Inspect gloves prior to use. Train operators for proper use.If only incidental exposure is expected: (work without direct contact to substance) use gloves tested according EN 16523- 1/ASTM F739 or equivalent local standard breakthrough times at least 10 minutes, tested for chemicals indicated in chapter 3 of this SDS. Change gloves frequently. If direct skin contact is expected: use gloves tested according to EN 16523-1/ASTM F739 or equivalent local standard, tested for chemicals indicated in chapter 3 of this SDS. Permeation time must exceed contact time.
Other skin protection	Wear working clothes covering arms and legs. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the hazardous substance at the specific workplace. Use apron and sleeve covers or complete chemical suit if exposure is expected.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection should be worn when workplace exposures exceed exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limits or guidelines, use an approved respirator where there is a potential for adverse effects, including but not limited to respiratory irritation or odor, or where indicated by the exposure assessment. Selection of air-purifying or positive-pressure supplied-air will depend on the results of the exposure assessment which includes an evaluation of the specific operations and the potential airborne concentrations. For emergency conditions, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. In case a risk analysis proved the cartridge respirator as acceptable, use type: ABEK-P3 (EN 14387) OR Combination Multi-gas/P100 (42CFR84.193; ANSI Z88.7 or equivalent local standard) as a backup to engineering controls. In absence of engineering controls, use self-contained breathing apparatus or full face supplied air respirators. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as CEN (EU) or NIOSH 42 CFR 84(US).
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
Hygiene measures Environmental exposure	Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not eat, drink or smoke during work. Wash hands any time after handling the product. controls
General advice	Prevent product from entering drains. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

Section 9 — Physical And Chemical Properties

Physical state	liquid
Form	liquid
Color	colorless to Pale yellow
Taste	not determined
Odor	Floral, Herbaceous
Odour Threshold	Not applicable
Flash point	212 °F (100 °C) Method: Grabner miniflash closed cup
Lower explosion limit	not determined
Upper explosion limit	not determined
Flammability	Not applicable
Particle size	no data available

Particle Size Distribution	no data available
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined
Decomposition temperature	no data available
pH	not determined
Melting point	no data available
Boiling point	no data available
Vapor pressure	0.0382 hPa at 68 °F (20 °C) Calculated (99.9 %)
Density	975.24 kg/m3 at 68 °F (20 °C)
Bulk density	Not applicable
Solubility/qualitative	practically insoluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/ water	Not applicable
Viscosity, kinematic	no data available
Relative vapour density	no data available
Evaporation rate	no data available

Section 10 — Stability And Reactivity

Reactivity

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
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Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid	no data available
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Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Hazardous decomposition	Not applicable products
Hazardous decomposition products	no data available
Thermal decomposition	no data available

Section 11 — Toxicological Information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity

ATE	> 5,000 mg/kg
2-phenylethanol	LD50: 1,610 mg/kg Species: Rat

2-hexyl-3-phenyl-2-propenal (trans & cis)	LD50: 3,100 mg/kg Species: Rat
3,7-dimethyl-1,6-octadien-3- ol (= Linalool)	LD50: 2,790 mg/kg Species: Rat
(2E)-3,7-dimethyl-2,6- octadien-1-ol (= geraniol)	LD50: 3,600 mg/kg Species: Rat
3,7-dimethyl-6-octen-1-ol (= citronellol)	LD50: 3,450 mg/kg Species: Rat
3,7-dimethyl-2,6-octadienyl acetate (= geranyl acetate)	LD50: 6,330 mg/kg Species: Rat
3,7-dimethyl-6-octen-1-yl acetate (= Citronellyl)	LD50: 6,800 mg/kg Species: Rat acetate)
(R)-1-methyl-4-(1- methylethenyl)-cyclohexene	LD50: 5,600 mg/kg Species: Mouse
3,7-dimethyl-1,6-octadien-3- yl acetate (= linalyl acetate)	LD50: 13,934 mg/kg Species: Rat
3,7-Dimethyl-2,6-octadien-1- yl acetate(cis & trans isomers)	LD50: > 5,000 mg/kg Species: Rat
Acute inhalation toxicity	No data is available on the product itself.

Acute dermal toxicity

ATE	> 5,000 mg/kg
(2E)-3,7-dimethyl-2,6- octadien-1-ol (= geraniol)	LD50: > 5,000 mg/kg Species: Rabbit
3,7-dimethyl-6-octen-1-ol (= citronellol)	LD50: 2,650 mg/kg Species: Rabbit
(R)-1-methyl-4-(1- methylethenyl)-cyclohexene	LD50: > 5,000 mg/kg Species: Rabbit
3,7-dimethyl-1,6-octadien-3- yl acetate (= linalyl acetate)	LD50: > 5,000 mg/kg Species: Rabbit
3,7-Dimethyl-2,6-octadien-1- yl acetate(cis & trans isomers)	LD50: > 5,000 mg/kg Species: Rabbit
Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)	No data is available on the product itself.
Skin corrosion/irritation	May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	May cause irreversible eye damage.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Causes sensitisation.
Mutagenicity	No data is available on the product itself.
Teratogenicity	No data is available on the product itself.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

Components:

2-phenylethanol:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment Carcinogenicity:	Adverse reproductive effect
IARC	Remarks : No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
OSHA	Remarks : No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
NTP	Remarks : No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
STOT - single exposure	No data is available on the product itself.
STOT - repeated exposure	No data is available on the product itself.
Aspiration hazard	No data is available on the product itself.
Further information Please note: Mixtures have presented is provided in accordance individual components which tested at higher concentrations	no data available not been tested for health hazards. The health hazard information with US 29 CFR 1910.1200 and is based on the testing of have been shown to cause or may cause these health effects when or at full strength.

Section 12 — Ecological Information

Ecological information is not reported.

Section 13 — Disposal Considerations

Product	Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Send to a licensed waste management company.
Contaminated packaging Dispose of in accordance	Do not expose containers to high temperatures such as in hot work processes. Empty remaining contents. Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers. with local regulations.

Section 14 — Transport Information

14.1 UN number

N/A

14.2 UN proper shipping name

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

N/A

14.4 Packing group

N/A

14.5 Environmental hazards

N/A

14.6 Special precautions for user

IMDG

IMDG Code Segregation Group 14.7 Transport in bulk according Not applicable for product	None to IMO instruments as supplied.
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Section 15 — Regulatory Information

Only relevant information is reported

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

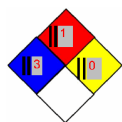
TSCA list

No substances are subject to a Significant New Use Rule.

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

SARA 311/312 Hazards.	Respiratory or skin sensitization Skin corrosion or irritation Serious eye damage or eye irritation
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Section 16 — Other Information



Further information

Emergency contact numbers: see Section 1 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GB EH40 - Great Britain, Environmental Hygiene; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; NOM-010-STPS - Official Mexican Standard, Ministry of Labor and Social Welfare; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition

Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Information displayed in section 3 (Composition/information on ingredients) is additional information to understand the hazards of the product and ensure safe handling, storage and transportation. This information, including CAS numbers, is not meant to be used for registration, notification or any other purposes. Any additional information and documentation needed may be provided by Scented Supplies.

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